## **Some Study Questions About Streams**

- 1. What landform develops at the end of a stream, at or near base level, that constitutes a river's distributary system?
- 2. What forms the boundary between adjacent drainage basins?
- 3. What are examples of materials that may be transported in solution by a stream?
- 4. What are examples of materials that may be transported by suspension in a stream?
- 5. What are examples of materials that may be transported by saltation or rolling in a stream?
- 6. What is a flood?
- 7. What do we call an area that has a 1-in-100 chance of being flooded during any given year?
- 8. What is the term we use to describe the volume of water that passes by a given point along a stream during a specific unit of time (<i>e.g.</i>, 40,000 liters per minute)?
- 9. In what direction does surface water generally flow relative to topographic contour lines: parallel to the lines, perpendicular to the lines, oblique to the lines, or in no particular direction relative to the lines?
- 10. Under normal-flow conditions, where is erosion a more important process in modifying a stream: along a cut bank, along a point bar, across the flood plane, in an ox-bow?
- 11. How does the gradient of a typical stream vary (if at all) in going downstream from the headwaters to the base of the stream?
- 12. How does the discharge of a typical stream vary (if at all) in going downstream from the headwaters to the base of the stream?
- 13. How does the channel size of a typical stream vary (if at all) in going downstream from the headwaters to the base of the stream?
- 14. How does the water velocity of a typical stream vary (if at all) in going downstream from the headwaters to the base of the stream?
- 15. How does the total sediment load of a typical stream vary (if at all) in going downstream from the headwaters to the base of the stream just above the delta?
- 16. The gradient of a stream is determined by dividing (what quantity?) by (what quantity?).
- 17. What type of stream typically forms where there is a superabundance of loose sediment (typically sand and gravel) being transported?
- 18. What type of stream has just one active channel that has a very curvy shape, and that flows down a surface with a very low gradient?
- 19. What type of stream is characterized by having several channels containing flowing water, separated by sand/gravel bars?