

Rock

Principle of uniformitarianism:

The physical laws that govern the
physical/chemical world are the same
now as in the past.

(That is, during virtually all of the 13.8
billion year history of the universe.)

igneous rock

crystallizes from magma: a hot
silicate melt

sedimentary rock

sedimentation or precipitation at
the ground surface

metamorphic rock

pre-existing rock changed by stress,
pressure, different (usually hotter)
temperature

Igneous Rock

Extrusive igneous rock
crystallizes rapidly
under relatively low
pressure at or near
Earth's surface.

Intrusive igneous rock
crystallizes slowly at
relatively high pressure
below Earth's surface

Intrusive igneous rock
crystallizes *slowly* and
hence its grain size is
usually large (more than
a few millimeters)

phaneritic: adjective for
larger grain sizes

Extrusive igneous rock
crystallizes *rapidly* and
hence its grain size is
usually small (less than a
few millimeters)

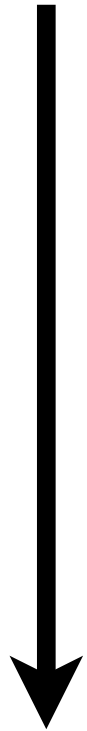
aphanitic: adjective for
small to microscopic grain sizes

Volcanic glass is not a rock
because it is not made
(primarily) of mineral grains.
It solidifies very rapidly —
too fast for crystals to form





high temp
(~1200°C)



low temp
(~750°C)

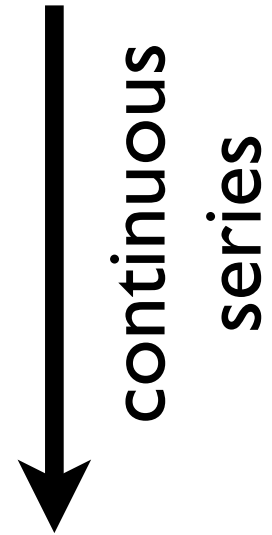
olivine

pyroxene

amphibole

biotite

Ca-feldspar



Na-feldspar

K-feldspar

muscovite

quartz

What might cause a porphyritic texture?



Hint: Each type of mineral in an igneous rock crystallizes within a particular pressure-temperature range.

Where is magma formed?

Repeat after me:

Earth's crust is ***NOT***
floating on a sea of
molten magma.

Where is magma formed?

Repeat after me:

Earth's plates are *NOT*
floating on a sea of molten
magma.

Where is magma formed?

- Above a subducting slab
- Along a mid-ocean ridge or continental rift
- Above a hotspot
- Misc crustal gaps or unusually thick crust

Compositional Twins

Intrusive

Magma

Extrusive

granite



felsic

rhyolite

diorite



intermediate andesite

gabbro



mafic

basalt

Why do different
magmas have different
compositions?



mafic xenolith in granite



Intrusive igneous rock bodies

dikes

plutons

stocks

sills

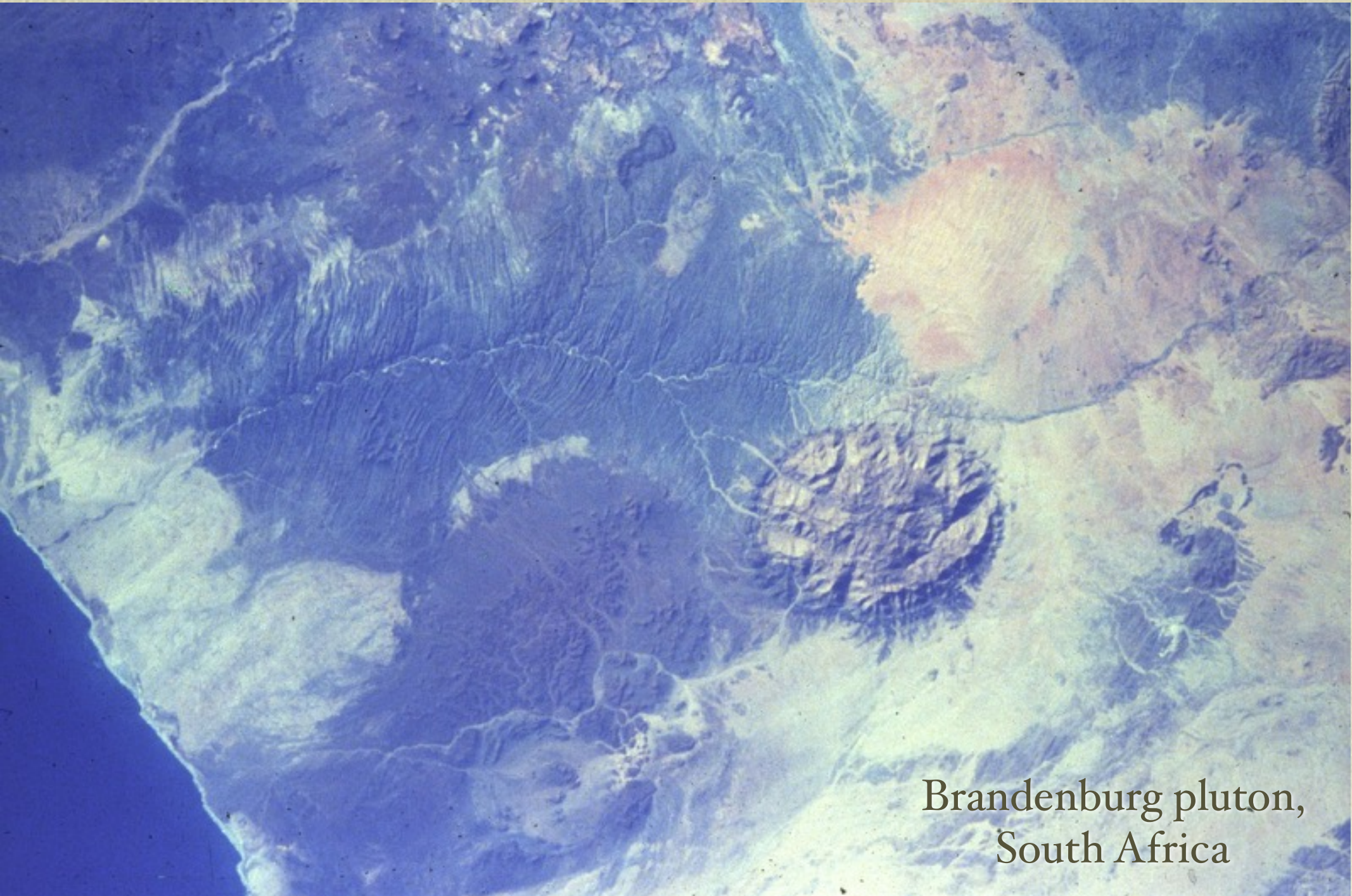
batholiths

(necks)

laccoliths







Brandenburg pluton,
South Africa

Sierra Nevada batholith, California



Tenaya Lake, Yosemite National Park



On to volcanoes,
extrusive rocks and
volcanic landforms...